

TELEGRAPHIC.

Foreign News.

Munich, May 14.—The Bavarian Government has issued a circular note to the Governments of France, Austria, Prussia, Baden and Wurtemberg, inviting those powers to a conference to be held in this city for the purpose of preserving the rights of the church against the State.

COPENHAGEN, May 14.—At a banquet in this city to-day, Mr. Raaslof, lately Danish Minister to Washington, who was present, made a speech, in which he referred to the sale of the Danish island in the West Indies to the United States Government. He said he had great confidence in the American Senate. When negotiations were made, it was clear that the Senate would not hesitate to ratify the sale. The present delay is entirely owing to old differences between Johnson and Congress.

DUBLIN, May 14.—The remains of Daniel O'Connell were, to-day, reinterred in the cemetery at Glasnevin, near this city, where a splendid mausoleum had been prepared for their reception. The ceremonies were very imposing, and were conducted by Archbishop Cullen. Great crowds of people followed the remains to the tomb, and it is estimated that 8,000 were present on the ground. Among the spectators were the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Messrs. Bellew and Chancewell, several judges, and the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Councilmen of Dublin.

VIENNA, May 15.—On the occasion of the meeting of the Austrian Chambers to-day, the President congratulated the members that the situation of Austria had been greatly improved. He referred with pleasure to the conciliation of Hungary, and the new laws which had been enacted on various subjects, and concluded by saying that, the Emperor protecting, nothing menaces the Constitution, if its friends are faithful.

MADRID, May 14.—In the Constituent Cortes to-day the session was mainly occupied in the consideration of the question of a future form of government. Senor Orense, one of the leaders of the Republican party, made a long speech in support of his amendment looking to the formation of a Federal republic.

MADRID, May 17.—Cortes have rejected the proposition for a triennial regency. **PARIS, May 17.**—The law prohibiting political meetings five days previous to the elections will be strictly enforced. The newspaper *Pays* announces a monstrous demonstration to-day, which the prefects were instructed to disperse. The meetings are likely to lead to disturbances.

LONDON, May 17.—The critical state of affairs in Paris is variously commented on by the press here. It seems to be the general impression, however, that the French Government has fomented this discontent and adopted repressive measures to stay the disorders arising with a view to some ulterior design.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Special Mail Agent Briggs departs to establish a free letter carrier system in the Southern cities.

Boutwell now seems determined to stamp bonds purchased and returned to the Department Legend as the property of the United States held as a sinking fund, under the law of 1862.

A. P. Corbin, of New York, a respected millionaire, married Grant's sister, Jennie Grant.

The Commissioner of Revenues decides that railroad refreshment cars are liable for taxes on hotels, liquer dealers and tobacco sellers. The roads are liable for these three taxes on each refreshment car.

The following proclamation was issued by the President to-day: In pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved April 10, 1863, I hereby designate the 6th day of July, 1869, as the time for submitting the Constitution passed by the Convention which met in Richmond, Virginia, on Tuesday, the 3d day of December, 1867, to the voters of said State, registered at the date of such submission, viz: July 6th, 1869, for ratification or rejection; and I submit to a separate vote the fourth clause of section 1, article III, of said Constitution, which is in the following words: (Insert the disqualification clause.) And also submit to a separate vote the 17th section of article III of the said Constitution, which is in the words following (Insert test oath clause.) I direct the vote to be taken upon each of the above provisions alone, and upon the other portions of the said Constitution in the following manner, viz: Each voter favoring the ratification of the Constitution excluding the provisions above quoted, as framed by the Convention of December 3, 1867, shall express his judgment by voting "For the Constitution." Each voter favoring the rejection of the Constitution, excluding the provisions above quoted, shall express his judgment by voting "Against the Constitution." Each voter will be allowed to cast a separate ballot for or against either, or both of the provisions above quoted.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The President signed Sickles' credentials as Commissioner to-day.

A delegation of Quakers from Baltimore visited the President to-day, relative to the re-establishment of schools South, with special reference to North Carolina.

Domestic News.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The *Tribune* stockholders have abolished the office of managing editor, giving exclusive control to Greeley.

There is much excitement in Wall street, in consequence of the failure of a German banking firm, Schepeler & Co., who are largely short of gold. The general estimate of their short contracts on gold is \$8,000,000. It is also understood that they were short of Government bonds, and had out a considerable amount of bills on exchange.

Excitement, confusion and failure has caused an unsettled feeling in all departments. The gold market was the first to feel the effect, the rush to buy carrying the market up to 42½, but soon afterwards declined to 41½. Schepeler & Co. were large shippers of petroleum, produce and provisions, and heavy dealers in gold, stocks and bonds for Europe; and also had extensive credits in London and Bremen. Their liabilities are extensively distributed on this side.

RICHMOND, VA., May 17.—In the suit against the city of Richmond, to make her redeem her small notes to the amount of \$100,000, issued during the war, Chief Justice Chase decided that, having been issued to aid the rebellion, they cannot be redeemed. The Legislature which authorized their issue was *de facto* a Legislature, and had power to grant such authority; and had the notes been issued for any legal purpose, and not for the subversion of the Government, they would be liable to redemption.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—A vigorous campaign is progressing between the citizens and robbers in the Mexican Pacific States. The robbers have been worsted and many killed. The Sinaloa revolution is assuming a serious aspect. The revolutionists captured and established their headquarters at the town of Elfurte, where 300 troops from Sonora joined the insurgents. The Apache Indians have been driven from Arizona, and are devastating the borders of Sonora and other border States.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The first through train from Sacramento, with 500 passengers, arrived at Omaha yesterday. The travel West is very large.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 17.—Thos. Gibbs, of this city, has disappeared, leaving behind him liabilities to a considerable amount, but no clue to the direction in which he has gone.

NEW ORLEANS, May 15.—The river commenced to subside slightly here. There was considerable danger at one point in front of the city yesterday, but it is now lessened.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—The crevasse below the city is becoming worse. It is stated that the channel washed through the levee is fifteen feet deep, and several hundred feet wide. The new work was washed out as fast as put in. The distance at this point from the river to the lake is but eight or ten miles, and it is supposed that the large number of canals and bayous will carry off water enough to prevent it spreading over a width of more than three or four miles. Several of the finest plantations in St. Bernard Parish is submerged. It is stated that the river above the city only needed a couple of inches to overflow the highest point, and the levee, in several places near the city, is in a precarious condition.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Stocks feverish and unsettled. Money easy, at 6½. Freights dull. Corn dull and favors buyers. Pork quiet, at 31. Lard very firm—steam 18½. Cotton quiet, at 25¾. Gold 141½. Exchange 9½.

7 P. M.—Cotton without decided change; sales 1,800 bales, at 23¾. Flour rather more active, without decided change. Wheat 1½c. better, with increased export demand—white Michigan 1.85. Corn heavy, and 1½c. lower—mixed Western, new, 78½c. Pork firm. Lard firmer—kettle 18½c. Whiskey a shade firmer, at 97c. Rice quiet—Carolina 8½c. Sugar quiet. Coffee dull. Molasses steady and quiet. Freights dropping—cotton, steam, 5-32. Money more active, at 7. Gold active, closing buoyant, at 141½. Sterling 9½.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—Cotton quiet. Flour fairly active. Wheat dull and lower—prime valley red 2.10@2.15; prime Pennsylvania red 1.50@1.53. Corn firm—white 81½c; yellow 83½c. Oats heavy—76; light 68½c. Pork quiet, at 31.50. Bacon firm. Lard 19. Whiskey unchanged.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—Whiskey firm, at 95. Pork 30.50. Bacon firm—shoulders 13; clear sides 16½; sugar-cured hams 18@19. Lard 18.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—Cotton unchanged—middling 28½c@28½c; sales 1,800 bales; receipts since Saturday 162. Gold 41. Flour quiet and easier—super 5.45; double 5.75; treble 6.25. Corn higher—white 77. Pork 32.25. Bacon shoulders 13½; clear ribs 17½; clear 17½. Lard—tierce 18½c@18½c; keg 19½c@20. Sugar quiet—common 9½; prime 13½. Molasses nominal—fermenting 35@50. Whiskey—Western rectified 85@92½. Coffee—fair 15½; prime 16½@17½.

MOBILE, May 17.—Cotton firm and in good demand, with sales of 1,500 bales—low middlings 26½; receipts 507.

ATLANTA, May 17.—Cotton market quiet, with sales of 187 bales—middlings 26½; receipts 73.

SAVANNAH, May 17.—Cotton market quiet but steady—middling nominally 27½; sales 300 bales; receipts 800.

CHARLESTON, May 17.—Cotton quiet, but lower grades firmer, with sales of 400 bales—middling 27½@27½; receipts 198.

LONDON, May 17.—Owing to the holiday the market was closed.

INCENDIARISM.—We learn that the Hebron Academy was burnt down on Monday night of last week, believed to have been the act of an incendiary. It is asserted from good authority that parties who were accessory to the burning of the Beaver Dam Academy, some time last year, uttered threats at the same time that the Hebron Academy would be the next in flames, because the white people had held Democratic meetings there also. Incendiarism, rapine and murder is the ruling spirit of the party now in power. [Bennettsville Journal.]

A traveler at the South writes of a city there: "This city is beautifully laid out—so are most of its capitalists."

The Colored People.

At the meeting of the Protestant Episcopal Convention in Charleston, on Friday last, Rev. C. C. Pinckney, from the Board of Missions to Freedmen and Colored Persons, read the subjoined report:

The Board of Missions to the colored people respectfully report that their operations during the past year have been confined chiefly to the maintenance of the Franklin Street School in this city. During the year 1868, the school was kept up to the standard recorded in our last report—one superintendent, twelve teachers, and an average attendance of 600 scholars.

As the funds from the Domestic Board in New York have been steadily decreasing, we have been obliged to curtail our operations. The superintendent and four teachers have resigned.

But the school is successfully carried on by the ladies to the entire satisfaction of the board. Religious instruction is combined with the daily teaching, and the clerical members of the board attend every Friday to catechise the scholars and supervise the school.

The board regret to announce to the Convention the probability of losing the building in Franklin street. The Secretary of the Treasury insists upon the payment of the balance due upon the original purchase, amounting to \$8,000. We see no means of raising the money, either at home or abroad, and unless the amount is raised, the building will be sold by the Government on 1st June.

The board regret the necessity of giving up the building, or suspending the school, after so satisfactory an experiment. But they see no other alternative, and report the fact to the Convention, requesting their instructions in the matter.

The board would gladly extend its operations to the wide missionary field around. But without funds, we can do no more than supervise the school which has been supported by the Freedmen's Commission of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

We have encouraging reports from many of our clergy of their labors among the colored race.

In St. John's and St. Stephen's Parishes there are three churches, built partly by the freedmen themselves, numbering respectively fifty, seventy-five and eighty communicants. They contribute to their pastor's support, and have given thirty dollars to the African Mission of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Our missionary on the coast reports two chapels, provided by the colored people, where our services are sustained, and where he is welcomed as in former years.

His experience, confirmed by the observation of the Bishop, and by others of the clergy, satisfies us that the prejudices of the last few years are rapidly melting away beneath the kind and Christian sympathy of their former owners, and that abundant opportunities are now presented to the church of winning back their allegiance to Christ, and to the purifying influence of His Gospel. It is the special duty and province of Southern Christians to care for the souls of this still dependent race. To revive and to maintain their attachment to our church will require wisdom, labor and patience.

We must train up teachers of their own race if we would retain our influence over them, and incorporate them more thoroughly into the body of Christ.

C. C. PINCKNEY.

Rev. A. T. Porter offered the following: **Resolved**, That the Board of Missions to the freedmen and colored people be continued to January 1st, after which time it be merged in the common board of missions.

He stated that the time was placed at January 1st, in order to make some efforts to save the Franklin street building.

Rev. Paul Trappier said that \$8,000 was a small sum, and he was loath to believe that the building would be sacrificed. If there was not money in the diocese to redeem it, surely the church North, that had frequently shown its sympathy, could do something for the freedmen. He appealed to the Rev. A. T. Porter to know if the North could and would not come to our aid.

Rev. A. T. Porter said that he had canvassed the North, and had received but little encouragement. President Johnson had given a check for \$1,000. The Freedmen's Bureau had also contributed about \$5,000. General Howard assured the speaker that while the building was used for a colored school they would not be troubled, and no payment had been made beyond \$500. A recent communication from the present Secretary of the Treasury stated that unless the whole amount was paid, the building would be sold by the 1st of June, and the \$1,500 paid in be used as rent. He had recently written to General Howard, and trusted that some outside efforts would be made to secure the property.

Rev. C. P. Gadsden stated that large arrears of salary were due the principal and teachers, that could not be raised.

Mr. C. G. Memminger stated that he had long foreseen that the Northern aid would be gradually withdrawn, and then urged upon the committee the necessity of relying upon themselves. He referred to the condition of the public schools, and showed that it was with great difficulty the colored children could be induced to become pupils. The State Government was opposed to the present organization of the public schools, and it would have been overthrown if the educational bill had passed. He thought the church should, at present, reserve its sympathy for its own kith and kin, and await the time when the State, from its abundant resources, would make the provision for the colored people heretofore made by the church. He trusted the motion would prevail.

On motion, the resolution was adopted. The Bishop appointed Revs. John D. McCullough and W. P. DuBose, Messrs. J. D. Palmer and W. M. Dwight, on the Committee to confer with the Board of Managers of the Advancement Society.

The Rev. C. P. Gadsden offered the following: **Resolved**, That the second rule of order be amended by adding the words "the anniversary sermon of the Advancement Society may be preached on the second day after morning prayer." Adopted.

Rev. P. F. Stevens offered the following: **Resolved**, That a Special Committee of two clergymen and three laymen be appointed to prepare an outline of the history of the officers of the church, wardens and vestrymen, giving their origin, establishment and appropriate duties, together with suggestions of additional duties which may be rightly attached to said officers. Said committee to report at the next Convention.

On motion of the Rev. Paul Trappier, the resolution was adopted, and he offered the following: **Resolved**, That a Committee of one clergyman and one layman be appointed to prepare and present to the next Convention a statement of the steps requisite for organizing congregations in connection with the churches in this diocese, as a guide to persons who may wish to form such congregations. Adopted.

COCK FIGHTING.—The lovers of this sport have had a fund of amusement during the past week, commencing on Wednesday, at Lafayette Race Course, and terminating yesterday. It was South Carolina against Georgia. Seventeen cocks were matched out of twenty-one. The stake on the main was \$1,000, and \$100 on each separate fight. The Georgia cocks came off victorious, winning eleven fights out of seventeen. A considerable number of "Chase photographs" are said to have been left in the hands of the Georgians by the Carolinians, as souvenirs of remembrance.

[Augusta Constitutionalist, 16th.]

HYPOCRISY.—We learn from the New York *Tribune* that "forty freedmen's schools have been closed in Maryland, because the teachers could not find homes with white people." Well, believing in negro equality, why did the mams put so fine a point upon lodging with white folks? asks the Augusta Constitutionalist.

May Butter. For sale by GEO. SYMMERS.

Hams, &c. "O RANGE" Brand HAMS, best in market. Pure Leaf Lard. Fulton Market Beef, Scaled HERRINGS. Pickled Salmon, Smoked Tongues, &c. For sale by GEO. SYMMERS.

Champagne. JUST received a consignment of the following choice brands: LAC D'OR. C. Heidsieck and Creme de Bouzy. For sale low to close. GEO. SYMMERS.

Seasonable Goods. PLATED ICE PITCHERS, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Palmetto Fly Brushes, Children's Bath Tubs and Perambulators, just received and for sale at STANLEY'S.

Independent Fire Engine Company. THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of this company will be held THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at their Hall. By order, G. T. BERG, Secretary.

Columbia Lodge No. 108, A. F. M. A REGULAR COMMUNICATION of Columbia Lodge No. 108, A. F. M. will be held, at Masonic Hall, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of the W. M., T. P. PURSE, Sec'y.

Salt! Salt! Salt! SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT, in good order, now landing per ex. bark Helen Sands. For sale low, from the wharf, by KNOBLECH & SMALL, 78 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

Prime Hay. WE have just received another lot of PRIME MEADOW HAY, a very superior article. Those in want will do well to call in time. For sale low, by D. C. PEIXOTTO & SON, Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.

Hay. 50 BALES, just received, and offered at a reduced price, by JACOB LEVIN, At his Auction Room, Corner of Plain and Assembly streets.

Choice Family Flour. 25 BARRELS equal to any in the city, is offered at a low price, by JACOB LEVIN, At his Auction Room, Corner Plain and Assembly streets.

Strayed, or Stolen. FROM Mrs. R. K. Brevard's Cabin Branch Plantation, on Sunday evening, a bright Sorrel or Bay MARE MULE, in fine order; a slight injury to right eye; mane and tail newly trimmed. A suitable reward will be paid for any information leading to her return. Address B. F. JACKSON, Hopkins' T. O.

Read This! GET THE UNIVERSAL FAVORITE! THE "EUREKA" Smut and Separating Machine.

N. E. 200 sold the past year (1868). The manufacturer claims it as "the best Wheat cleaning Machine in the world." For circular, and further particulars, address the undersigned, Agent for the sale of said Machines, at Columbia, S. C. J. J. DIEHLER, 1212½ St. May 11

City Taxes. CITY COUPONS, receivable for City Taxes, for sale by GREGG, PALMER & CO.

Auction Sales.

Building Lot.

BY D. C. PEIXOTTO & SON. WE will sell, before the Court House, in this city, on MONDAY, the 7th day of June, at 10 o'clock, without reserve.

All that vacant LOT, fronting North by Upper Boundary street, 112 feet, more or less; South by William Simonds; East by lot of P. Flynn; West by Sumter street—fronting on same 102 feet, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash, balance on a credit of twelve months, secured by bond and mortgage. Purchaser to pay for papers and stamps. May 18 tu336

Assignee's Sale.

I WILL sell, at public outcry, the following property, at the residence of Colonel H. W. Garlington, Bankrupt, on the 3d day of JUNE next, the HOMESTEAD TRACT OF LAND, containing about 800 acres; a good plantation for cotton, corn and small grain, in good condition; good dwelling-house, out-houses, gin-house and screw; situate on Babun Creek, eight miles West of Laurens C. H.

The BLACKWELL PLACE, containing about 500 acres; a good plantation, with necessary improvements, on Babun Creek, about nine miles West of Laurens C. H.

CHOSES IN ACTION—the various notes and accounts due the Bankrupt.

ALSO, Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, Household Furniture, Corn, Fodder, Cotton and Cotton Seed, Road Wagons, Carriages, Plantation Tools, and various other articles not enumerated.

TERMS.—Cash, in currency. Purchasers to pay for papers and stamps. G. W. SELL, Assignee. May 18 tu3

For School Commissioner.

W. W. ADAMS, of the Fork, will be supported by MANY FRIENDS. May 18 tu2*

Cotton Machinery.

FOR SALE, a complete set of COTTON MACHINERY for a Mill of 150 looms, of a capacity of 12,000 pounds weekly of 36 inch heavy sheetings. Carding is new, and of the best make; has been run but six months. Spinning, (patent flyer throbbles), Dressers and Looms, in perfect order; together with harnesses, reeds, beams, bobbins, and all the furniture necessary to start and run a mill of the above size at once. Can be delivered in Boston immediately. Apply to WM. GRAY & CO., May 18 46 56 Summer street, Boston, Mass.

Look Out

FOR

BARGAINS!

Great Reduction in Prices of

all kinds of Dry Goods, Notions and FANCY GOODS, to Reduce Stock, at

C. F. JACKSON'S.

May 18

State South Carolina—Richland County.

IN THE COURT OF PROBATE.

By William Hutson Wigg, Judge of Probate in Richland County.

WHEREAS, SULLIVAN W. MCENZIE hath applied to me for letters of administration on the estate of ROBERT R. BOLTON, late of Richland, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said deceased to be and appear before me at a Court of Probate for the said County, to be held at Columbia, on the 1st day of June, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 17th day of May, A. D. 1869, and in the ninety-third year of American Independence.

WM. HUTSON WIGG, Judge of Probate. May 18 tu2

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